

Lesson Quiz 19-3

Public Opinion and Interest Groups

DIRECTIONS: True/False In the blank, indicate whether the statement is true (T) or false (F).

- _____ 1. An interest group is made up of people who share common goals and organize themselves to influence the government.
- _____ 2. People may join interest groups for economic and social reasons.
- _____ 3. Most interest groups in the United States focus on election results.
- _____ 4. Interest groups are unique to American society.
- _____ 5. Some interest groups are faith-based.

DIRECTIONS: Multiple Choice Indicate the answer choice that best completes the statement or answers the question.

- _____ 6. Which of the following interest groups is concerned with the fair treatment of minorities?
- A. League of United Latin American Citizens C. National Rifle Association
B. National Farmers Union D. National Wildlife Federation
- _____ 7. How did Alexis de Tocqueville view American civic interest groups after coming from French society?
- A. The interest groups were too varied in their scope.
B. There were too many interest groups to be effective.
C. They interfered with the democratic process.
D. They were positive for democracy.
- _____ 8. By interviewing a member of an interest group, someone can learn
- A. about the goals of all interest groups.
B. how the group's founding documents and the Constitution compare.
C. the group's main focus and goals.
D. the way the group will vote on issues in the future.
- _____ 9. How are interest groups and political parties similar?
- A. Both try to attract a wide range of people with varying ideas.
B. Both are only concerned with a few specific issues.
C. Both nominate candidates for office.
D. Both try to influence government.
- _____ 10. The NAACP is an interest group concerned with
- A. civil rights. C. environmental interests.
B. economic interests. D. labor practices.